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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/717,770	11/20/2003	Ling Tony Chen	13768.810.62	8379
47973 7590 01/26/2009 WORKMAN NYDEGGER/MICROSOFT			EXAMINER	
1000 EAGLE GATE TOWER 60 EAST SOUTH TEMPLE SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84111			SHAN, APRIL YING	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2435	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(a)				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comment	10/717,770	CHEN, LING TONY				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	APRIL Y. SHAN	2435				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timulated and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 Au	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 August 2008 and 06 November 2008</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,5,8,11,14 and 19</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,5,8 and 19</u> is/are rejected.	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,5,8 and 19</u> is/are rejected.					
·	7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11 and 14</u> is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attacheronto						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application				
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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-2, 5, 8, 11, 14 and 19 have been examined.

2. A Request for Continued Examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection.

Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 1 August 2008 has been entered.

Election/Restrictions

3. Applicant's election **without traverse** of electing Species I (Claims 1-2, 5, 8, 11, 14 and 19), in the reply filed on 6 November 2008 is acknowledged.

Applicant also authorizes the examiner to cancel the non-elected Species 2 (claims 20-24) and Species 3 (claims 27 and 29-33). [See Remark dated 06 November 2008]

Response to Amendment/Argument

- 4. As a result of the amendment, claims 1-2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 20-24, 27 and 29-33 are amended. Claims 3-4, 6-7, 9-10, 12-13, 15-18, 25-26, 28 and 34-36 are canceled.
- 5. Applicant's amendments and argument have been fully considered, but are most in view of new ground rejection as set forth below. It is noted that Applicant's arguments are directed towards limitations newly added via amendments.

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6. Any objection/rejection not repeated below is withdrawn due to Applicant's amendment.

Claim Objections

7. Claims 11, 14 and 19 are objected to because of the following informalities:

In line 2 of **claims 11** and line 1 of **claim 14**, line 1, "comprising the steps of" should be changed to – comprising steps — in order to provide proper antecedent basis for this recitation in the preamble. Further, in steps (d) and (e) of **claim 14**, "to produce the signature for the set of data; and storing the signature" should be changed to – to produce a signature for the set of data; and storing the signature for the set of data – in order to better clarify the claim limitation.

In **claim 19**, line 2, "carrying out the steps of Claim 1" should be changed to - carrying out the method of Claim 1 – in order to provide proper antecedent basis for this recitation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

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1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 10. Claims 1-2, 5, 8 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bowe et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0093678) in view of Jackson et al. (U.S. Patent No. 7,116,782).

As per **claim 1**, Bowe et al. discloses a method, comprising:

- (a) the client (e.g. client 100 in fig. 2) sending first data related information (e.g. data object 210 in fig. 2) to a server (e.g. server 120 in fig. 2) for signature computation (A user/client sends a data object to the server and the server generates a digital signature for the data object e.g. step 210 in fig. 2, abstract, paragraph [0035] and [0054]. Please note data object corresponds to Applicant's first data related information);
- (b) the server, comprising a second computing device (e.g. server 120 in fig. 2), computing a signature for the first data related information by utilizing a secure signing algorithm and a key that is only known and available for use by the server (The server generates by performing a hash function and maintains all of the user's keys used for producing a digital signature and the server generates a digital signature for the data object using the private key stored at the server step 225 in fig. 2, abstract, paragraph [0037]. Please note user's keys generated and maintained by the server correspond to Applicant's a key that is only known and available for the use by the server and as evidenced by fig. 4 and paragraph [0061]

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that keys to generate a verifying hash are only known and available for use by the server);

- (c) the server sending the signature to the client (the server then sends the digital signature to the client e.g. abstract, paragraph [0035]);
- (e) before the data that were stored are subsequently used by the client, the client sending both second data related information and the signature to the server to verify that the data that were stored have not been changed (A client can, at a later time, send the signature back to the server for verification e.g. step verification request & Singed Object in fig. 3, abstract, paragraph [0036] and [0060]);
- (f) the server generating a temporary signature of the second data related information (e.g. second hash 310 in fig. 3 and step of server generates second hash in fig. 3) by utilizing the secure signing algorithm (e.g. hash function in paragraph [0054] and verifying step using a predetermined hash function claims 19 and 43) and the key that is only known and available for use by the server (e.g. verifying step using the private key to generate a comparison value e.g. claims 19 and 43, par. [0061] and fig. 4);
- (g) the server comparing the temporary signature to the stored signature (*The server generates a second hash using the original data object and compares the hash from the signature with the second hash e.g. step server compares hashes in fig. 3, paragraph [0040] and [0060]);*
- (h) when the temporary signature is equal to the stored signature, sending a positive result to the client (If the hash values match, the server generates

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a "valid" verification response, which it sends to the client – e.g. success indicator in fig. 3, paragraph [0040] and [0060]);

- (i) when the temporary signature is not equal to the stored signature, sending a negative result to the client (*The server returns an indicator showing the status of the signature, either valid or invalid e.g. failure indicator in fig. 3 and paragraph* [0060]);
 - (j) the client receiving the result from the server (client receives success/failure indicator from server e.g. fig. 3);

Although Bowe et al. discloses the server then sends the digital signature to the client – e.g. abstract and paragraph [0035], a client, at a later time, send the signature back to the server for verification – e.g. step verification request & Singed Object in fig. 3, abstract, paragraph [0036] and [0060] and the server sends success/failure indicator to the client after verification – e.g. fig. 3, Bowe et al. does not explicitly disclose the client storing both the signature and the data in the persistent storage of the client, and evaluating the result; when the result is positive, the client using the data; and when the result is negative, the client not using the data. However, Jackson et al. met the claimed limitations by disclosing a computerized wagering game apparatus in communication with a network server and the data received in the game apparatus maybe verified via a digital signature employing hashing functions before execution that errors will be caught at the time they occur rather than when the data is loaded or reloaded (e.g. fig. 2, col. 7, line 67 - col. 8, line 6. Please note computerized wagering game apparatus corresponds to

Applicant's client and before execution to catch error corresponds to Applicant's evaluating the result, when the result is positive, the client using the data and when the result is negative, the client not using the data) and the data and signature are then stored on hard drive, CD-ROM, flash disk (e.g. col. 11, lines 20 – 22. Please note hard drive, CD-ROM and flash disk correspond to Applicant's persistent storage).

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Bowe et al. - Jackson et al. are analogous art because they are from a similar field of endeavor in using digital signature to verify data in a client-server environment. Thus, it would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art, at the time of invention, to combine the teachings of Jackson's the client storing both the signature and the data in the persistent storage of the client, and evaluating the result; when the result is positive, the client using the data; and when the result is negative, the client not using the data with Bowe et al. The motivation of doing so would have been to advantageously read/write, yet retains information stored upon power down and to improve or ensure security (e.g. Jackson et al. – col. 1, lines 18 -20 and col. 9, lines 50-52).

As per **claim 2**, Bowe et al. - Jackson et al. discloses the method as applied above in claim 1. Bowe et al. further discloses wherein the first data related information is the same as the data (data object and document to the server – e.g.

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paragraph [0054]. Please note data object and document correspond to Applicant's first data related information and data).

As per **claim 5**, Bowe et al. - Jackson et al. discloses the method as applied above in claim 1. Bowe further discloses wherein the first data related information comprises a digest of the data calculated by the client using a one-way hash function and the data (*The server creates a signature by performing a hash function on the data object - e.g. paragraph [0037]*), and the second data related information comprises a digest of the stored data calculated by the client using a one-way hash function and the stored data (*Server generates second hash in fig. 3 and paragraph [0060]*).

As per claim 8, Bowe et al. - Jackson et al. discloses the method as applied above in claim 5. Bowe further discloses wherein the first data related information further comprises: a signer identification (SID) for the client, the SID uniquely identifying the client and not being controlled by an operator of the client (The signature property field contains a client identifier – e.g. paragraph [0039]. Please note client identifier corresponds to Applicant's signer identification (SID)).

As per **claim 19**, Bowe et al. - Jackson et al. disclose method of steps as applied above in claim 1. Therefore, Bowe et al. - Jackson et al. 1discloses the

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claimed machine readable instructions stored on a memory medium for carrying out the method of steps.

Allowable Subject Matter

11. Claims 11 and 14 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the claim objections, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

- 12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - Schneier et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 20020002076) discloses method and apparatus for securing electronic games
 - Nguyen et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 20020116615) teaches gaming machine securely communicates with device over a public network (i.e. Internet)
 - Walker et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 20030060286) discloses remote gaming method and apparatus
 - Howard (U.S. Pub. No. 20030167407) teaches providing authentication of files downloaded from a source to an embedded system
 - Chang et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 20030145237) discloses establish a secure connection for each of the multiple users between the client computer and the server computer

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Newcombe (U.S. Patent No. 7,409,061) teaches a Game Security Facility associated with a game server is used to manage secure communication with game clients

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to APRIL Y. SHAN whose telephone number is (571)270-1014. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m., EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kim Y. Vu can be reached on (571) 272-3859. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/April Y Shan/ Examiner, Art Unit 2435 Application/Control Number: 10/717,770

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